

# **Breast Cancer Screening**

## Impact of Breast Cancer in Rural Northern California

- Breast cancer is the second most common cancer among women in the United States.¹ Breast cancer screening is recommended for women age 50 74 in order to catch it early before it has spread when it is easier to treat successfully.² Women at higher risk are recommended to begin screening earlier.³
- In rural Northern California, the age-adjusted death rate from breast cancer ranges from a high in Lassen County of 36.9 per 100,000 to a low of 15.6 per 100,000 in Mendocino County. The overall death rate in the state is 18.2 per 100,000.4
- Less than two-thirds of women (61.7%) in rural Northern California are up-to-date with breast cancer screening.<sup>5</sup>
- Adults with a cancer diagnosis in the rural Northern California region experience significant barriers to accessing needed specialty care.
- The average distance adults living in rural households must travel to access medical providers and emergency care is nearly double that of those in urban households.<sup>6</sup>

## How Health Centers Provide the Necessary Care

#### Clinical Interventions

- Use a patient registry to track screening due dates, results, and follow-up.
- Remind patients through letters, postcards, or phone calls that it is time for their mammogram.
- Develop close referral relationships with local imaging centers to improve scheduling for patients and sharing of information and documentation between entities.
- Offer patients transportation assistance to mammography services.
- Coordinate mobile mammography services to bring breast cancer screening to rural and frontier health center sites.
- Facilitate women's health days at health centers that offer mammography and cervical cancer screenings, as well as other health and wellness resources.

#### Community Interventions

- Share patient handouts or videos at community health fairs to increase awareness of breast screening and how to access screening services.
- Participate in women's health and community-based health awareness campaigns to normalize screening and create a culture of prevention.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> American Cancer Society. Cancer Facts and Figures 2020. Atlanta, Ga: American Cancer Society; 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> U.S. Preventive Services Taskforce, 2016. <u>Available online</u>.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Saslow D, Boetes C, Burke W, et al. American Cancer Society guidelines for breast screening with MRI as an adjunct to mammography. CA Cancer J Clin. 2007 Mar-Apr;57(2):75-89.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> California Department of Public Health. County Health Status Profiles, 2022.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> California Health Interview Survey. CHIS Adult Public Use File. Los Angeles, CA: UCLA Center for Health Policy Research, April 2020.

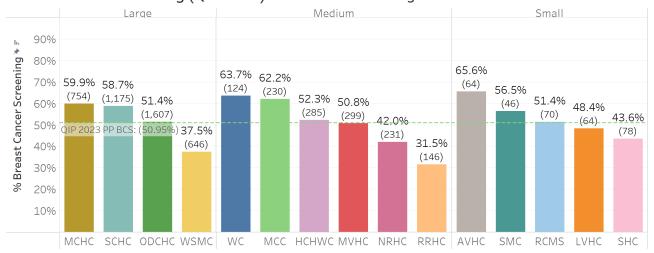
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Edelman MA, Menz BL. Selected comparisons and implications of a national rural and urban survey on health care access, demographics and policy issues. J Rural Health 1996;12:197-205.

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# Rural Northern California Health Center Data Key Points

- Mammography appointments, and in particular mobile mammography appointments, are associated with high no-show rates. Patient reminders and/or incentives may help to improve screening rates.
- Access is a significant barrier to regular breast cancer screening. Transportation support to appointments or mobile mammography services are key for increasing screening rates in rural communities.

### Breast Cancer Screening (QIP 2024) - HANC-NCCN CHC Regional Performance



# Quality Measure Definitions (UDS)

The percentage of women 50-74 years of age who had a mammogram to screen for breast cancer in the 27 months prior to the end of the measurement period.

# National and State Quality Benchmarks

Partial Points Threshold for QIP Measurement Year 2025: represents the 75<sup>th</sup> percentile nationally for Medicaid Health Plans, as reported by NCQA HEDIS in the year prior to the QIP MY.

UDS 2023 CA Average: The average performance among health centers in California was 54.9%.

UDS 2023 US Average: The average performance among health centers across the U.S. was 52.4%.